Colder; occasional flurries of snow. Spring Overcoats

We invite your particular attention to our magnificent display in all the prevailing shades and

You may also find it to your interest to join the vast army of patrons who throng our departments that are devoted to

> Spring Suits, Hats ... And Furnishing Goods

Early in the Season . . .

It was believed that Percales, except in Shirting styles, dress the students, and at last he has would not command any large sale.

FORMALLY DISSOLVED AT A MEET-

Big Interests in the Mesaba Range

Unable to Agree-Lower Wages

and Strikes Probable.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.-After sev-

eral postponements the much-talked-of

meeting of the Bessemer Iron Association,

known as the iron ore pool, was held here

to-day. The meeting was fruitless of re-

sults, for it was decided that no effort to

association was formally dissolved. The big

it was announced after the meeting that

would make preparations immediately for

the sale of ore and for a production suited

to their ideas of the demands of the mar-

ket, irrespective of what might be done

by the owners of mines on the old range,

vailed if all the companies were included in

be the reduction in the wages of labor,

place, and in others is likely to occur.

however, including the Rockefeller mines,

range, have announced that they do not

intend to make any reduction of wages.

no matter to what price ore may fall. It

is predicted that the failure of the produc-

boom in the iron business for many fur-

nace owners are said to have been holding

off in expectation that something definite

would be agreed upon and they will now

PATRONS OF INDUSTRY

Keeps Out of Politics.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.-The eighth

annual session of the Supreme (national)

Association of the Patrons of Industry is

now being held at the Kennard Hotel. Del-

gates are present from New York, Massa-

chusetts, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan,

Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and several

other States. The officers are: President,

Hon. W. S. Donnelly, Ketchum's Corners,

N. Y.; secretary, Hon. George A. Bennett,

Marengo, Ill.; chairman board of trustees,

Hon. P. S. Borland, Dean Corners, N. Y.

The Patrons of Industry is a growing or-

ganization of farmers. Unlike the Grange

or Alliance, it has kept out of party politics

as an organization. What reforms will be

its sessions, and a committee appointed to

look after the same, securing their adop-

tion or favorable consideration through the

in attendance, each representing a State.

party in power. Twenty-five delegates are

Reports were presented by the officers,

The secretary reported a total membership

of over 250,000. During the fiscal year the

membership purchased, through the order,

ference between the wholesale and retail

prices on these articles means a saving

to the members of no inconsiderable sum.

The organization maintains in every State

where it is represented a number of stores.

THE GIFT UPHELD.

Claus Spreckels Defeated in an Effort

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.-Rudolph

Spreckels to-day won a victory over his

parents, Mr. and Mrs. Claus Spreckels, con-

the appeal of Claus Spreckels and Anna

Spreckels from the judgment of the lower

court, by which the right to the property

was vested in Rudolph. The sugar king

gave this property, consisting of lands and

sugar stock in Hawaii, to Rudolph over

trouble estranged father and son, and Claus

demanded the return of the property, which

was begun on the ground that the property

was community and that Mrs. Spreckels

had not given her formal consent to its

transfer to Rudolph. The Supreme Court

NEW YORK, March 23.-Nelson M

nection with the death of Aimee Smith.

the Hackensack girl, who died in the Hotel

Victoria two weeks ago, surrendered him-

self at the coroner's office to-day. He ac-

Weeks, whose name was mentioned in con-

to-day overruled this contention.

to Get \$1,000,000 from His Son,

from which supplies are sent to members in

over \$2,500,000 worth of supplies. The diff

both on the Messaba range and the Gogebio

even though this is not certain.

Later experience shows that the demand for Waist and Dress styles and his party, consisting of Rev. M. L. will approximate any previous taking.

We open to-day Ten Cases 36-inch 72x72 PERCALES. newest patterns, dependable colorings, bought on an offer some time since, at about one-third from real value, and will be sold on same basis. Samples mailed, if requested.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO. Importers, Jobbers,

BIG 4 ROUTE IRON ORE POOL SMASHED A Week of Music

CINCINNATI

Monday, March 29

New York Metropolitan Opera Co

Theo. Thomas Orchestra

To give the people an opportunity to hear this great combination, the Big Four will, on March 29, 30 and 31, and April 1, feller-Carnegie interest and the Minnesota 2 and 3, sell excursion tickets at low rate of

\$3.50 for the Round Trip the different companies on the new range

Tickets good returning three days, including date of sale.

Call on Big Four agents, No. 1 East Washington street, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station, for further particulars. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

\$3.50 Round Trip \$3.50

Cincinnati

Vla C., H. & D. Ry.

During Week of March 29 Tickets on sale March 29 to April 3,

Grand Opera Week

Tickets and information at Union Station and 2 West Washington street, corner Meridian. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

The Popular MONON ROUTE line to CHICAGO Time re- 43 HOURS

FOUR DAILY TRAINS

Trains Arrive Indianapolis-3:30 a. m., 7:45 a. n. Leaves Chicago, returning, at 2:45 a. m. Can be taken any time after 9:30 p. m. Ticket offices, 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachusetts-avenue Depot. GEO. W. HAYLER. D. P. A.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. Deformity Apparatus, Trusses, Elastic Hos-iery. Largest stock of Artificial Eyes in the State. Invalid Chairs of all kinds and accessories for the sick room. Trusses made and properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. 77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

GREATER NEW YORK CHARTER.

It Receives the Approval of the Lower

Branch of the State Assembly.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 23 .- The Greater New York charter bill passed the assembly to-day by a vote of 117 to 28. It will come up in the Senate to-morrow. The minority made ineffectual attempts to amend the measure and at times much confusion prevailed. When Mr. Trainer (Democrat) offered an amendment doing away all directions. with the bipartisan feature of the police board, Mr. Nixon (Republican) said: "Why, you got your tip from David B. Hill in this morning's papers, didn't you?"
Mr. Finn (Democrat) retorted: "We can et on here very well without any steers from David B. Hill. I want to say in this connection that I believe in William M. Marcy's statement 'to the victor belongs the spotls,' and I don't know of any party

that can grab them any quicker than the Mr. Green (Democrat) said: "We don't firming his ownership to property worth want the kind of a board New York is afflicted with now, by a mayor who is weak as the tea he drinks." by his father. The Supreme Court denied

TRAMPS MANGLED.

Were Stealing a Ride on a Big Four Train That Broke in Two.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 23.-Through wrecked last night and a number of Rudolph refused. Then a suit to recover it Kinnley, St. Louis, both legs crushed and back injured; Edward Kinsley, St. Louis, legs hurt; Frank Fay, St. Louis, head cut, right leg and shoulder injured; William Siney, Jersey City, shoulder, head and back hurt. They were taken to a local hospital. It is feared that others are buried in the debris of the train, as it was full of tramps. Conductor Crook and Engineer Ross were in charge of the train, which was due at Springfield at midnight. It broke in two

REFORMS ARE NEEDED

And Gives Some of the Reasons Why There Is Difficulty in Enacting Remedial Legislation.

ADDRESS

BEFORE THE STUDENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN.

The Ex-President Initiated Into the Delta Chi Law Fraternity-Reception in His Honor at Night.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 23 .- Attempts have been made for the last two or three years to get ex-President Harrison to visit the University of Michigan and adfound an opportunity to accept the invita-Haines, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of Indianapolis; Hon. R. B. F. Peirce, receiver of the Clover Leaf road, and the general's private secretary, E. F. Tibbott, reached the city and proceeded directly to the Phi Delta Theta House for luncheon. This fraternity, of which the general is a member, entertained the party during its visit. After luncheon they were shown around the university, visiting, among other places, the Delta Chi law fraternity, into which the ex-President was initiated as an honorary member. The party ended its visit to the university proper by attending the vesper service, after which it went to President Angell's

A fine audience greeted the ex-President in the evening. The students turned out in force, many of the fraternities attending in a body. With a few well-chosen words President Angell introduced the speaker. Referring to the fact that wheththe students of the University of Michigan on the opportunities they here possess for broad educational work, and also for the

into enthusiastic applause ... GENERAL HARRISON'S ADDRESS.

General Harrison spoke in his usual forceful manner, saying in part: reach an agreement would avail, and the 'Soberness in thought, and a fingerboard, are among the needs of educated young interests on the Mesaba range-the Rockemen. There is a tendency to sprint and kick intellectual field at least, needs to be restrained. The rush line and the flying wedge must be used with discrimination in moral and intellectual strifes. In them the aim should not be to run down an adversary, but to lift him up. The leader of any great reform should combine the zeal of a crusader with the wisdom of a Solon. I some needed reforms are not accomplished greater production than would have prefavor a revision of corporation laws, limiting the purposes for which corporations the pool. A meeting of the producers of of stocks and bonds, and putting other re-Sessemer ore on the old range will be held straints upon them. An even larger proortion of our people would give their emto-morrow and it is the general opinion that hatic support to the proposition that tax a pool of their interests will be effected, burdens should fall equally upon all property. But they do not, so every one knows, Lands, houses, live stock and implements the breaking up of the ore association will of trade cannot be hidden. Stocks and bonds can be and the assessor has no way of some cases has already taken checking the list. I take these two subjects -corporation and tax law reforms-as ilustrations of the inefficiency of our legis-Strikes and labor riots are anticipated by some. A few of the producing interests, lative methods. Let us search out some of the obstructive influences.

> greatly multiplied. We now have corporations engaged in conducting, not only The persons interested are very numerous is composed of individuals of more than the average influence, especially when stirred into activity by a large personal interest. This influence will clearly be thrown against any unjust or destructive legislation and very much of it against any restrictive legislation. In fighting unjust legislation they will have many disinterested allies. There must be fairness if the support of just and intelligent men is invoked. We must remember, first, that the people have not only authorized, but invited the organization of and investment in these corporations; second, that the bankruptcy of any legitimate business is a public injury; third, that we must take things as our unwisdom, or that of our fathers has made them-as to the past we can do little more than mend; fourth, that the work of reforming our corporation laws is not for apprentices; fifth, that corporation law should be general-it is neither wise nor safe to assume that a particular case is a representative one, and to administer the remedy promiscuously; sixth, that in pub-lic affairs, the best attainable good is the thing to be sought; seventh, that the legis-

Under our loose laws corporations have

ation must be just. WEAK POINTS IN LEGISLATURES. "The inadequacy of our legislatures to deal with a systematic and congruous revision of the laws has many illustrations, egislatures meet biennially. The sessions an average of about sixty days. The legvote their time before the session to the study of such questions, and so they should. tion reforms are not to be solved by individual investigators. There must be a comparison of views, debate and the hearing islation will be subjected to the fire of the of its provisions. There must be not only | train, which he did. pathological skill, but a competent acquaintance with the materia medica. Ignorance, hysteria and spite are not the progenitors of good legislation. A convention resolution and a statute are quite different hings. Our legislators are chosen from districts, not from the State at large, Each member knows, or thinks he knows, what his district wants, a brotherly reciprocity is established and much log-rolling legislation

"The true constitutional idea that every state legislatures the State, and in Congress the Nation, seems to be losing its the information which a member may give as to the local status, but when the information has been presented, every conscientious member must, under his oath, vote his own convictions of the justice or injustice, constitutionality or unconstitutionality of the proposed measure. In Congress the House of Representatives has a adership and a self-imposed restraint on liscussion. The Senate has neither. The House acts quickly-the Senate talks and loes not act at all, if there is an obstinate minority. A large legislative body, in which any member may at any time bring up any subject and speak upon it at any length

is certain to be impulsive, erratic and un-Controller Roberts, in the State of New York, the equalized taxable value of real estate in 1895 was nearly four billions; that

tions under proper restraint and to bring to the tax roll the vast aggregate of untaxed personal property but it will never be accomplished by the impulsive hodge-podge methods of sixty-day legislatures. The executive and judicial forces of the government act quickly and directly. The legislative forces, hampered by the conditions surrounding them and the greater complications of the questions before them seem to be inadequate. It is more difficult to make wise laws than to interpret or execute them. It seems to me that the great reform laws must be framed by commissions composed of the ablest men in the States. They must have time to thoroughly study the subject. Opportunity must be given to the interests to be affected and to the public to present suggestions and ob-jections. There should be no attempt to bring in the millennium on the morrow. It would be too sudden. The ideal cannot be reached at a step. But we should face and move that way.'

After the lecture the Phi Delta Theta House was the scene of a very pleasant reception given by that fraternity to General Harrison's party and to the full faculty of the university.

DECLARES HIS WAYWARD SON WILL NEVER BE PROSECUTED.

Story from Cincinnati that the Degenerate Youth Wanted to Be Permitted to See the Hanging.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Ind., March 23 .- Rev. Delos M. Wood, father of Will P. Wood, stated to-day that many of the articles in the press regarding his son are false and untrue. He states that he was assured mail inspectors that they had examined in the matter. . . . charges against him and there would be ice, secured by rigid examination, as yeoman or shipwriter at a salary of \$50 per mouth, and that his last address was Londen, England

WOOD'S SHAMELESS REQUEST. Story that He Wrote to Plummer for a Ticket to the Hanging.

CINCINNATI, March 23 .- The fact that er in office or out of it the general would cution under the federal statutes, if he be gratefully remembered by all as "Pres- | should be arrested. The question has been ident" Harrison. Before entering on his raised as to whether some of the letters he address General Harrison complimented wrote to Jackson are in violation of the postal laws. The matter was called to the partment, but it was impossible to gain privilege of having at their head one of possession of the original letters, as those the greatest college presidents in the world. | were held by the Campbell county Circuit This remark caused the students to burst | Court at Newport, Ky. Without them the inspectors could not proceed with the case. Postoffice Inspector Leatherman is ill at present and the case has been suspended. Wood can be secured when he is wanted.

One of the evening papers publishes a sensational story to-night about Will Wood having written for a ticket to the Jackson-Walling double hanging that has the earmarks of a "fake" unless the writer got his dates mixed. The article reads:

"Will Wood, who was confined in the county bastile with Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling, has been heard from, and only for some good advice he might have. perhaps, met the same fate as his partners in crime on the day of the execution. This young rascal, not being satisfied with the contemptible scheme he had concocted which resulted in Pearl Bryan being enticed to this city, asked permision to be admitted to witness the hanging of the slayers of the Greencastle girl. On the morning of March 14 Sheriff Plummer was taken by surprise when he opened his mail and found a letter from Will Wood, postmarked Portsmouth, O. The official could hardly believe his eyes, and read the letter over and over again. It contained a request from Wood not only for a ticket of admission to the execution, but as that he be let into the inclosure without his identity being revealed. Sheriff Plummer promptly answered the letter and told the young man, who is wanted by the United States authorities, that he had better give Newport a wide berth and give up the notion of being seen in the immediate vicinity on March 20 for fear of being lynched."

Wood enlisted in the navy about a week The scaffold upon which the lives of down to-day and stored in a room on the Caull, of Brandy Station, Va., at Lynchthird floor of the courthouse. C Allen began tearing down the high fence around the scaffold this morning. All the clothing and other possessions of Pearl Bryan, which were used as evidence at the trials, have been taken back to Greencastle and delivered to her parents.

A burglar-proof iron grave vault for the remains of Alonzo Walling has been shipped to Hamilton, where the remains are now resting in a vault at Greenwood Cemetery. This burglar-proof vault is made of rolled steel and weighs over three hundred pounds, it is riveted together and plentifully supplied with locks, all of which are on the inside, making it absolutely impossible to open it after it is once closed. Deathwatch Cottington said to-day to a reporter that during the entire time of Walling's confinement the murderer was never known to shed a tear. On the other hand, Jackson cried frequently toward

Crazy Man with Pearl Bryan's Rings. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 23.-A young man, apparently half insane, but who was supposed to be William Wood, the missing cousin of Pearl Bryan, created a sensation to-day at Williston, a little town islatures and their committees sit amid po- in the western part of the peninsula. Arlation. It may be said that they should de- his throat. A bystander, in trying to wrest the knife from him, had one hand He said that he was a detective and hailed from Chattanooga, Tenn., and had a wife and child in Little Rock, Ark., and a mothof all interests to be affected, if crudity | er in Michigan. Nothing was found on him and confusion are to be escaped. The leg- except some money, two rings (which he had belonged to Pearl Bryan) and ablest legal minds of the country as to some letters addressed to him at Hague, its constitutionality and the interpretation | Fla. He was told to take the first outgoing

MOODY'S GOOD WORK

He Converted Nearly 1,200 of the Wicked People of Porkopolis.

CINCINNATI, O., March 23.-Rev Dwight L. Moody's stay of three weeks ended to-night. He will go next to Louisville, but will be in Chicago next Monday All expenses of Music Hall, nearly \$300 a were met by nightly contributions. given to Mr. Moody's school in Massachusetts. No census of the number of conversions has been kept, but it is estimated that nearly twelve hundred accessions to the churches have been made as the result of this three weeks' meeting.

Sachsel's Shortage Growing.

CHICAGO, March 23 .- David J. Sachsel the missing secretary of the Christopher Columbus Building and Loan Association, was indicted by the grand jury to-day on the charge of embezzling the funds of the society. Arthur Nollau, the receiver of the association, reported to a meeting of the stockholders to-day that he thought the shortage would reach \$100,000, as a large number of bills began pouring into the of-

AND DURBIN TO DO SO.

"Oom Jack" at the White House Yesterday to Protest Against Mr. Small for Postmaster at Anderson.

MAY BE ADJUSTED BY APPOINTMENT OF FILBECK AND HENRY.

Mr. Fairbanks's Recommendations for Postmasters in Daviess, Dearborn and Switzerland Counties.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 23 .- The throng of Indiana office seekers has visibly thinned out during the past few days until now only a few of the early arrivals remain on the scene. "Oom Jack" Gowdy accompanied National Committeeman Durbin to the White House to-day to fortify the latter's protest against the appointment of Small for postmaster of Anderson. The President has taken the case for personal consideration. Outside opinion is about unanimous that Representative Henry's indorsement will stand and that the Presiseveral months ago by the United States | dent will not see his way clear to interfere | of Indiana, who will hold a similar position

will be settled, it is understood, by the appointment of "Nick" Filbeck as postmaster of Terre Haute and David Henry as collector of internal revenue. Senator Fairbanks has kept his hands off this matter, letting the local Republicans patch up their own difficulties, which they seem to have done, according to reports that reach Wash-

Senator Fairbanks has made the following recommendations for appointment of postmasters in Indiana: -Daviess County .-

Elnora-John W. Robinson. Washington-Frank I. Sefrit. Alfordsville-Matthew McCracken. Plainville-William J. Hildreth. Odon-George D. Abraham. Montgomery-D. Lawrence Weimer. Raglesville-Jacob B. Myers. Epsom-William T. Dickinson Cannelburg-Joseph Harris. Cornettsville-William R. Baker. Cumback-Nelson Purcell. Glendale-Alexander T. Conley. Hyatt-Henry Frets. -Dearborn County .-

Lawrenceburg-Archibald Shaw. Cochran-Abram P. Shutts. New Alsace-Jacob Gaffga. Yorkville-John Kuszler. Guilford-Robert F. Huddleston, Manchester-Walter S. Dressel. Kyle-Grant Grenham. Wright Corners-Fred Hempel. Moore's Hill-Helena J. Stewart. Wilmington-Miss Sarah Sellers. Farmers' Retreat-Charles A. Opp -Switzerland County .-

Vevay-W. J. Baird. Center Square-Harry Bascom. Patriot-Henry Schroeder. Florence-J. M. W. Langsdale. Moorefield-Michael D. Gray. Allensville-O. S. Murphy. East Enterprise-Eugene Heath. Sugar Branch-Sylvester R. Heath. Markland-William Rayburn.

Bennington-Lawrence Welsh Of the above offices Lawrenceburg and Washington come under the head of "pres

Additional applications for appointments o presidential offices under the Treasury Department have been filed as follows: J. E. Reese, of Pana, Ill., as assistant secretary: A. L. Rutter, of Chicago, as treasurer; C. H. Walker, of Browns, Ala., and J. W. Knowlton, of Bridgeport, Conn., as register of the treasury; L. P. Mitchell, of New Castle, Ind., as controller of the treasury; F. P. Gross, of Washington, D. C., as director of the mint; Z. B. Cohen and J. S. Kaiser, as coiner of the mint at New Orleans; as collector of customs, Stillman 4. A. Davis and H. Z. Osborne, at Los Angeles, Cal.; M. B. MacFarland, at Tampa, Carppen, of Fort Reed. Fla., at Fernandina, Fla.; J. M. Foel, as surveyor of customs, at Columbus, O. Also the following as collectors of internal revenue: W. Carter, of Pueblo, Col., at Denver; F. R. Pevton, of Manchester, O., at Springfield, O.; D. A. Wood, of Gibbon, O., and J. C. Ten-Jackson and Walling were ended was taken | ney, of Toledo, O., at Toledo; P. H. Mcburg, Va.: F. Herman, at Philadelphia, and Schroll, of Manchester, Pa., at Lan-

The executive committee of the Bureau of American Republics will meet to-morrow afternoon to consider finally the prodirector, has placed his resignation in the cepted at to-morrow's meeting. It is the present intention of the executive committee to fill the vacancy by competitive examination, but no final determination has been reached.

J. H. Brigham, of Delta, O., took the oath of office as assistant secretary of agriculture to-day and immediately assumed his duties. Dr. Dabney, the retiring assistant secretary, will remain in Washington some time, and will not resume the presidency of the University of Tennessee until next au-

Scott Nesbett, chief of the appointment division of the treasury, has been transferred to the position of disbursing officer of the coast and geodetic survey, and Major Brackett, of Baltimore, has been appointed chief of the appointment division in his

Theodore E. Swaize, of New Jersey, has been appointed chief clerk of the Treasury Department. Mr. Swaize held the same office under President Arthur.

Captain William A. Rogers, of Ohio, has

been appointed chief of division in the office of auditor of the War Department, vice Eugene Speer, resigned

The President has nominated Bernard Bettmann, of Ohio, to be collector of internal revenue for the First district of Ohio and Chester H. Brush, of Connecticut, to be receiver of the general land office.

The Senate, in executive session, to-day confirmed Willis Vandevanter, of Wyoming, to be assistant attorney general; also Captain Charles Shaler, to be major, Ordnance Department of the Army.

TERRE HAUTE COLLECTORSHIP. Both Factions in the Vigo County Capital May Be Disappointed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 23 .- When Congressman Faris left to-day for Washsulting with those interested in the appointment of a collector of internal revenue and a postmaster, he said he could not say who would get the offices. Judge O. Henry, of the Superior Court, son-in-law of ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson, and crossing, the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to give evidence at the inquest to be held.

Wrecking twenty-seven cars.

Where the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to give evidence at the inquest to be held.

Where the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to gages, and banks, and capital, and laborated to be on his way to Europe.

Where the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to gages, and banks, and capital, and laborated to be on his way to Europe.

Where the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to gages, and banks, and capital, and laborated to be on his way to Europe.

Where the parts coming together and intimate with the girl and volunteered to be normal. Food is administration. Senator Fairbanks gives out that if the Terre Haute factions cannot be the appointed receiver by the court. Sachsel is get together he will not appoint either of the association as soon as he was appointed receiver by the court. Sachsel is get together he will not appoint either of the breathes regularly, her pulse is strong and banks, and capital, and laborated to be on his way to Europe.

Mr. Faris returned to Washington with the impression that Judge Henry expects to go over the head of the senator and is

be an applicant for any place. Said Mr. Fil-

beck to the Journal correspondent: "Henry

House indorsing me, as also the lieutenant

The county committee has indorsed Judge Henry. Mr. Faris suggested that a compro-

mise might be effected by which Henry

should be made collector and Filbeck post-

master, but this would not go through.

Yesterday County Chairman Benjamin,

who is one of the three applicants for

postmaster, went to Judge Henry and sug-

gested that both withdraw for the sake of

harmony, but this was declined. Mr. Faris

said to the Journal correspondent that the

selection of a postmaster depended on the

appointment to the revenue office. If Henry

is appointed the natural selection for postmaster would be Benjamin or George Allen, of the Express. If Filbeck should re-

ceive the revenue office the chances would be that Captain Ford, the business partner

of W. I. Overstreet, member of the state

executive committee, would be appointed

postmaster. Now Filbeck and Overstreet.

who had been bitter personal enemies during the campaign last year, have formed

an alliance because there is no chance for

Fees of Consuls May Be Restored.

CHICAGO, March 3. - The Record's

Washington correspondent says: "It is

probable that President McKinley will re-

voke the order President Cleveland issued

on the 20th of last October cutting down the

fees of United States consuls for all services

rendered and abolishing consular certifica-

tion of invoices. If he does so it will be

worth about \$20,000 a year to "Cousin"

William McKinley Osborne, who has been

appointed consul general to London, and

about \$12,000 a year to "Oom Jack" Gowdy.

in Paris. Until recently the consulate gen-

than any office under the government ex-

cutting down the fees affects all of the con-

sulates throughout Europe, and no man

without a private income can afford to take

the fees, because he cannot live decently

in a foreign country on that money. The

salaries of the consular corps were fixed by

Congress, with the knowledge that certain

fees were collected at each place, and the

amount is governed accordingly, but if the

fees are to be cut off the salaries should

be increased in order that the representa-

tives of the United States government in

WON'T SUPPORT HUNTER

SIX REPUBLICANS REFUSE TO VOTE

FOR THE CAUCUS NOMINEE,

Kentucky Legislature Over the

Election of a Senator.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 23.-To-day

was the first on which separate ball its

of Lieutenant Governor Worthington. All

morning rumors were rife of the bolting

of six Republican members, who would

not support Congressman Godfrey Hun-

o'clock the two houses balloted with the

ican, 3: Davie, sound-money Democrat,

"they were bought and were not for sale."

ing until an election is had. The opposi-

united on to defeat Hunter on the first oal-

lot. Hunter's friends here have telegraphed

to Washington that he will win sure to-

ICE-CRUSHING BOATS.

Mr. Inman's Scheme for Winter Navi-

gation of the Great Lakes.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.-Captain B.

ays this style of boat will go through the

heaviest ice, and his intention is to run the

two new boats all next winter from Cleve-

land and Buffalo to Duluth and return, If

be navigation every winter on the great

lakes, and lake commerce will be revolu-

this experiment proves a success there will

B. Inman, of Duluth, is in the city consult-

Danger of Another Deadlock in

foreign lands may live like gentlemen.

those that pay only \$1,500 and \$2,000 without

Captain Ford if Henry succeeds.

governor, and I am going to stand pat.

cannot be appointed without my consent

depending on the warm friendship between Colonel Thompson and President McKinley. Filbeck said to Judge Henry that he would MR. DOLLIVER ELECTRIFIES THE not withdraw because he was a known ap-HOUSE WITH HIS ORATORY. plicant long before the judge was thought to

that is, unless I withdraw, and that I will not do. I have all the county and city Notable Speech on the Tariff Bill, Reofficers, 200 commanders of Grand Army posts, twenty-eight of thirty-three members plete with Wit and Strong Arguof the Senate and thirty members of the

PLEA FOR DUTY ON COTTON

ments for Protection.

MR. M'LAURIN, A SOUTHERN DEMO-CRAT, DESERTS FREE TRADE,

And Boldly Proclaims Himself in Favor of Protecting the Great Staple Product of His People.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- Although several tilts somewhat enlivened the tariff debate in the House to-day, the brilliant speech of Mr. Dolliver, of Jowa, was distincily the overshadowing feature of the day. It shone out through the weary, monotonous gloom which has so far pervaded the debate like a locomotive headlight in a fog. Mr. Dolliver is a finished orator and his speech to-day was a masterplece of forensic eloquence. Replete with art and glowing periods, it alternately aroused his Republican colleagues to unbounded enthusiasm and convulsed the House with laughter. Mr. Dolliver is quick and adroit in the use of the foil, and the Democrats refrained from interrupting him. Mr. McLaurin, a Democratic member of the ways and means committee, from South Carolina, created a mild sensation by boldly proclaiming himself in favor of a duty he repudiated the free-raw-material doctrines of Cleveland and Carlisle, "and those who had prostituted the name of Democracy," fully three-fourths of the Democrats on the floor sustained him with hand and voice. The other speakers during the day session were Messrs, Gibson, Dockery, Newlands, Lacey, Swanson and Cochran.

In beginning his speech Mr. Dolliver said: 'Mr. Chairman, I propose to state, in the time allotted to me, some of the reasons why the pending measure will, in my judgment, meet the approval of the American people. First about the bill, I like its name. For the first time since the first act of the First Congress a protective tariff bill has had the candor and openness to state its purpose in its title. And they may be taken as very ample evidence of the complete ascendency of the protective tariff doctrine in the public thought of those times and of the general acceptance by the public of the old-fashioned Republican idea that the true way in this country to produce a national revenue is to protect the national indus-

could be taken in the Legislature for a United States senator to succeed ex-Senator J. C. S. Blackburn under the ruling THE PEOPLE UNITED ON ONE THING. "For the first time since 1816 every great employment of the American people is united in a common recognition of the importance and value of a reasonable discrimter, the Republican nominee, and of the ination by our laws in favor of our own combination between a few Republicans people-the farmer, because nearly everyand the Democrats to elect Governor Bradthing that he has for sale must be sold here ley to the senatorship, thus causing a vaor not sold at all; the manufacturer, becancy in the Governor's office and making cause he has found it impossible to sell an opening for the Democrats. Hunter anhome-made goods in a market place that nounced at 10 o'clock that he would cerhas already bought itself poor at the 'bartainly win on the first ballot. This assergain counter' of Europe and Asia; and comtion, however, proved to be untrue. At 12 merce, because a nation like this that goes past the closed doors and broken windowlights of its own factories to the ends of the earth for what it buys, is in a condition Senate-Blackburn, free-silver Democrat, 4; Hunter, Republican, 13; Boyle, Repubthat is completely fatal to all commerce,

domestic and foreign.

"In the early stages of the tariff con-House-Blackburn, 34; Hunter, 53; Boyle, troversy it was the custom of the mercan-Davie, 5; McCreary, Buckner and Stone tile classes to push the farmer forward to the front of the battle for free trade. The farmer of the United States got out of that The bolting Republicans-Senators Linne of battle two generations ago; and for ney, Rummans and Clarke and Representfifty years he has been a most resolute sup-porter of the protective tariff system. He atives Nance, Baldwin and Napier-issued stood by the side of Henry Clay throughsensational card this morning, saying out his great career and he was found with they would not support Hunter, because he was illegally the nominee. They conof the last campaign. (Applause on Republican side.) On the very day when the milcluded with the significant statement that ionaires of the Rocky mountains were riding in their carriages to the voting place The silver Democrats held a caucus toto give in their ballots for the poor money, the farmers of the Mississippi valley night, but did nothing to indicate what weary and burdened, under the weight four miserable years, walked in the rain to ballot for genator. Dr. Hunter's friends | the polling place and cast their ballots for have been bringing every possible pressure the integrity of American business and the to bear on the Republicans who voted for tariff policy of 1890. (Applause on Repub-Boyle to-day, and claim that two of them | lican side.) The appeal made to them was will vote for Hunter to-morrow. The a masterpiece of shiftless and unscrupulous three more Republicans will desert Hunter to-morrow. Neither side gives names. The Hunter people will try to force a continfarmers of the Mississippi valley again vindicated the credit of the American farmer uous session to-morrow and keep on ballotby choosing rather to suffer affliction with tion will attempt to defeat this by adthe people that pay their bills than to enjourning if it is found no man can be

dure the advantages of 16 to 1. (Laughter.) FOY ORATOR AND PROF. WILSON. "They did not have to go to Chicago to ind out what the issue was. They remembered that curious spectacle in the House which most of us here present saw, when Professor Wilson had finished his speech on the tariff law, which, for want of competition, will probably always bear his name (laughter), and a young Democratic champion of free trade from our Western country, who has since monopolized nearly the entire visible supply of Democratic enthusiasm, plunged down the aisle amid the enthusiastic vells of his associates, lifted expects to have built this summer. They, the exhausted statesman to his shoulders and bore him, kicking and protesting, to the seclusion of the cloak room, so that a few months afterwards, when the same gallant young leader came among our people and beamed benevolently on them from the platform of his advertising car, offered them new and untried remedics for their troubles, warranted to kill or cure-God only knew which-the farmers of the middle West, again illustrated their wisdom and sagacity by being able, without loring sight of the paramount issue, to perceive the somewhat diminished figure of Prof. Wilson still kicking and protesting, but still on the boy orator's oack "I am only sorry that the broken and crumbled argument of free trade has managed to escape from the tomb to which siavery was committed to find a more comforts able grave, a more perfect repose in the speeches of the gentleman from Alabama and the gentleman from South Carolin

> lebate. (Laughter.) "Mr. Chairman, I like this bill because neither Eastern nor Western, nor Northern nor Southern. It is American through and through (applause), opening the doors of opportunity to every section and to every State. My friend from South Carolina quoted a line from a German newspaper of Berlin saying that this bill was a slap in the face of Europe. Your committee, gentlemen, without fear or favor towards any foreign country, has conscientiously undertaken to make this bill a patriotic act of good will towards the

preserved in the records of congression

WHAT THE FARMERS WANT. "The farmers of the United States, my brethren, are eager, not for the fabled marthe idle millions to deserted workshops of the United States. (Applause on Republican side.) The noise of furnaces that are now closed and of looms that are now stpeople of the United States. It will mean not less to the scattered households on dustrious men have seen the fruits of their toil waste in the fields that produced them. Gentlemen, you may talk of silver and gold until your friends in an undertone gin to express their alarm. (Laughter.)

Sheriff's Posse Forced to Open Fire on Italians and Polacks.

STRIKE ON ERIE CANAL

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 23.-The strike on the Erie canal at Pendleton assumed serious aspect to-day, when the stonemasons were attacked by sixty Italians because they refused to quit work. Sheriff Kinney ordered the Italians to return to their cabins. They refused and were reinforced by Polacks, whereupon the sheriff and his posse fired a volley at them. The men ran from the field. Three Italian padrones have been arrested and brought to Lockport. Twenty-five men are at work on the canal under guard of a dozen deputy | United States of America. (Great applause.)

TAKING A LONG SLEEP.

Twelve-Year-Old Miss Who Has Been Slumbering for Eight Days.

KENOSHA, Wis., March 23.-Great interno other cause than that she was tired, and has not awakened since. She has now been asleep just one week, and every effort the only request he will make of the ad- | made to arouse her has proved unavailing.